### **Discipline Centric Core Course (DCC)**

### **RMTCC47001T: Representative Management Thinkers**

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4Hours	60 Hours

**Course Outcome**: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Analyze and understand the contributions of early thinkers in the field of management and how their ideas still influence modern-day management practices.
- Critically evaluate the behavioral theories of motivation and their relevance in contemporary management practices.
- Assess and compare various leadership styles and their effectiveness in different Organizational contexts.
- Discuss the contributions of modern thinkers in the field of management and their impact on current business practices.
- Understand the principles of management as outlined in Indian epics and the relevance of these principles in modern-day management practices.

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Early Thinkers: Charles Babbage, Robert Owen, Fredrick W Taylor, Henry Fayol, Elton Mayo, Chestard I Barnard, Mary P Follet.

**Unit II:** Behavioral Thinkers: Abraham H Maslow, Fredrick Herzberg, Douglas McGregor, Victor H Vroom, David McClelland, and James S Adams.

**Unit III:**Leadership Theorists: Rensis Likert, Robert R Blake & Jane S Mouton, Robert Tannenbaun, Fred Feidler, Paul Hersey & Kenneth H.Blanchard.

**Unit IV:** Modern Thinkers: Peter F Drucker, Michael Porter, Garry Hamel, Tom Peters, and Coimbatore K Prahalad.

**Unit V:** Indian Epics and Management: Bhagwad Gita, Ramayana, Swami Vivekananda, Chanakaya and Mahatama Gandhi.

- 1. Mathur Navin: Management Gurus Ideas and Insights, National Publishing House, Jaipur.
- 2. Singh RN: Management Thoughts and Thinkers, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
- 3. George CS: The History of Management Thought, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 4. Drucker, Peter F: Management: Tasks, Responsibilities and Practices, Harper and Row, New York.
- 5. Khanna S: Vedic Management, Taxman Publications (P) Ltd.
- 6. Saneev, Rinku and Khanna, Parul: Ethics and Values in Business Management, Ane Books Pvt.Ltd.
- 7. Bhagwad Gita as viewed by Swami Vivekananda: Vedanta Press & Bookshop.
- 8. Rajgopalachari, C.: Ramayan, Bhartiya Vidya Bhawan.

**Discipline Centric Core Course (DCC)** 

**BENCC47001T: Business Environment** 

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

ſ	Course Credits	No.of Hours Per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
ſ	4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

**Course Outcome**: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Have a comprehensive understanding of the different aspects of the business environment and will be equipped with skills to evaluate and adapt to various environmental factors affecting businesses at the local, national, and global levels.
- Evaluate the nature and characteristics of Indian economy and analyze the impact of
- Liberalization, privatization, and globalization on it.
- Analyse and understand the political, legal and technological.

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Business Environment: Concept, Significance and Nature. Elements of Business Environment: Internal and External Environment. Changing dimensions of business environment. Environmental Analysis and Forecasting, Management of Change

**Unit II:** Economic Environment of Business: Significance and elements of economic environment, Economic Systems and business environment; economic planning in India; Government policies - industrial policy, fiscal policy, monetary policy, EXIM policy; public sector and economic development, development banks and relevance to Indian business, Economic Reforms: Impact of Liberalization and Privatization and Globalization on Indian economy.

**Unit III** Political and Legal Environment of Business: Critical elements of political environment, government and business, changing dimensions of legal environment in India, MRTP Act, FEMA and licensing policy, Consumer Protection Act.

**Unit IV:** Socio-Cultural Environment: Critical elements of socio-cultural environment; Social institutions and systems, Social values and attitudes; social groups; middle class; Dualism in Indian society and problems of uneven income distribution; Emerging rural sector in India, Indian business system, Social responsibility of business, Consumerism in India.

**Unit V:** International and Technological Environment: Multinational Corporations; Foreign collaborations and Indian business; Non-resident Indians and corporate sector; International economics institutions- WTO, World Bank, IMF and their importance to India; Foreign trade policies; Technological environment in India, Policy on research and development; Patent laws, Technology transfer.

- 1. Francis Cherunilam, Business Environment, Himalaya Publishing House
- 2. Aswathappa K.: Essentials of Business Environment, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 3. George A. Steinerand John F. Steiner: Business Government and Society,

**Discipline Centric Core Course (DCC)** 

**OBRCC47001T: Organization Behaviour** 

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No.of Hours Per Week	<b>Total No. of Teaching Hours</b>
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

### **Course Outcome: Onsuccessful completion of the course, the students will be able to:**

- Understand the key elements and evolution of organizational behavior (OB), including the influence of environmental forces on managerial roles and skills.
- Analyze the individual dimensions of OB, such as motives, personality, perception, learning, and theories of motivation, to comprehend their impact on behavior in organizations.
- Evaluate the importantce of groups and leadership in organizations, including the classification of groups, group dynamics, group structure, and the different theories and styles of leadership.
- Explore the concepts of power, politics, and conflict within organizations, including thesources and bases of power, the influence of power on behavior, and strategies for conflict prevention and resolution.
- Examine the significance of organizational culture, including its elements, functions, and the role it plays in managing ethics and facilitating organizational change. Understand the forces for change, resistance to change, and approaches to managing organizational change.

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Manager and Organizational Behavior: Managerial Roles and Skills, Environmental Forces: Meaning, Characteristics, key elements and Evolution of Organizational Behavior (OB); Researchon Organizational Behaviour; Biological Foundations of Behaviour; Biological Foundation Inherited and Learned Characteristics of Behavior.

**Unit II:** Individual Dimension of OB: Motives and Behavior; Personality and Behavior: Perception and Behavior; Learning and Behavior; Theories of Motivation; Expectancy Theory; Equity Theory; Reinforcement Theory; Goal Theory; Job Stress: Meaning and Sources; Stress moderators; Consequences and Management of Stress.

Unit III: Groups and Leadership: Meaning and Classification of Group; Reasons for group formation; Conditions imposed on the Group; Group Member Resource; Group Structure; Group Cohesiveness, Committees: Nature and functions; Advantage and Disadvantage; Guidelines for effectivity. Leadership: Meaning and Roles in Organization; Major approaches; Leadership styles; Distinction between Manager and leader; Theories: Ohio and Michigan studies; Fiedler's Contingency Model; Hersey and Blanchard's model; Path-Goal Theory.

**Unit IV:** Power, Politics and Conflict: Power; Meaning, Sources and Bases; How Power influences Behavior; Impression management; Defensive Behavior; Rational versus Political Behavior; Acquiring and exercising Political Power, Conflict: Meaning, Nature, Sources and Types; Effect of Inter-Group conflict handling and Resolution; Preventing and Stimulating conflict.

**Unit V:** Organizational Culture: Introduction; Elements of Culture; Identifying Organizational Culture; Functions of Organizational Culture; Diagnosing Organizational Culture; Approaches to Describing Organizational Culture; Managing Organizational Culture; Organizational Culture and Ethics. Organizational Change: Forces for Change; Planned Change; Resistance to Change; Approaches to Managing Organizational Change; Creating a Culture for Change; Organizational Change in Indian Businesses.

- 1. Agarwal, P.K. & Mathur Ashish: Organizational Behaviour, Pragati Prakashan, Meerut.
- 2. Luthans, Fred: Organizational Behavior.
- 3. Davis Keith: Human Behavior atWork.
- 4. Stogdill, R.M: Hand Bookat Leadership.
- 5. Hersey, Paul and Blanchard, K.H.: Management of OrganizationalBehavior.
- 6. Korman, Abraham, Organizational Behavior.
- 7. Bennisand Thomas(Ed): Management of Change and Conflicts.
- 8. Drucker, Peter, P: The Effective Executive.
- 9. Dr.M.L.Dashora: Sangathan Sidhantand Vyavhar (Hindi).
- 10. Dr.P.C.Jain: Sangathanatmak Vyavhar (Hindi).
- 11. K.Aswathappa: Organization Behavior.
- 12. K.Aswathappaand G.Sudarsana Reddy: Managementand Organization Behavior.
- 13. G.S.Sudha: Management concept and Organization Behavior.

## **GROUP I (MARKETING AREA)**

M.Com. Semester: I 2025-26

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)** 

**CBRSE47001T: Consumer Behaviour** 

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No.of Hours Per Week	<b>Total No. of Teaching Hours</b>
4 Credits	4 Hours	60Hours

## Course Out come: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Analyze the different types of consumer behaviour models and understand their marketing implications.
- Evaluate the impact of environmental, cultural, and social influences on consumer behavior and their marketing implications.
- Understand the individual consumer and buying behaviour and its marketing implications including their perceptions, attitudes, and motivations.
- Develop market segmentation strategies and positioning strategies for existing and new products using perceptual mapping techniques.
- Explore the borderless consumer market and buying behaviour, and the issues of privacy and ethics associated with direct marketing approaches.
- Students will also gain an understanding of consumer rights and marketers' responsibilities in the global marketplace.

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:**Consumer Behavior andMarketingAction:Anoverview-Consumerinvolvement, decision making processesand purchase behavior andmarketing implications -Consumer Behavior Models

**Unit II:** Environmental influences on consumer behavior, Cultural influences - Social class, reference groups and family influences-Opinion leadership and the diffusion of innovations –Marketing implications of the above influences.

**Unit III:** The individual consumer and buying behavior and marketing implications - Consumer perceptions, learning, attitudes, motivation and personality - psychographics, values and Lifestyles.Industrial consumers, difference between ultimate and industrial Consumers.

**Unit IV:** Strategic marketing applications - Market segmentation strategies - Positioning strategies for existing and new products, Re-positioning, perceptual mapping - Marketing communications Source, message and media effects. Store choice and shopping behavior - In-Store, store image and loyalty-Consumerism-Consumer rights and Marketers' responsibilities.

**Unit V:** The Borrless Consumer Market and buying behavior-Consumer buying habits and perceptions of emerging non-store choices-Research and applications of consumer responses to direct marketing approaches - Issues of privacy and ethics.

- London and Della Bitta: Consumer Behavior: Concepts and Applications, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. Henry Assael: Consumer Behavior and Marketing Action, Kent Publishing Co.
- 3. Assael, H.: Consumer Behavior and Marketing, South Western Publishing Co., Ohio.
- 4. Berkmanand Gilson: Consumer Behavior: Concepts and Strategies, Kent Publishing
- 5. Bennett, P.D. and H.H. Kassarijion: Consumer Behavior, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 6. Block and Roering: Essentials of Consumer Behavior, Dryden Press, Chicago.
- 7. Hawkins, Bestand Coney: Consumer Behavior, Tata McGraw Hill, NewDelhi.
- 8. HowardJ A, Sheth JN: The Theory of Buyer Behavior, John Wiley, New York.
- 9. Laudon, D.L.: Consumer Behavior, TataMcGrawHill, NewDelhi.
- 10. Schiffan, Leon G. and Lealie Lazar Kanuk: Consumer Behavior, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.

### **Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)**

MRRSE47001T: Marketing Research

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No.of Hours Per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

### Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand marketing research and its role in decision-making within an organization.
- Develop a comprehensive understanding of the marketing information system and its connection to marketing research.
- Acquire knowledge of the marketing research process.
- Gain familiarity with various data collection methods.
- Develop an understanding of data analysis techniques and learn how to prepare and present research reports.

### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Introduction to Marketing Research: Importance, nature and scope of marketing research; Marketing information system and marketing research; Marketing researchprocess and organization.

**Unit II:** Problem identification and Research Design: Problem identification and definition; Developing research proposal; Determining research type-exploratory, descriptive and conclusive research; Experimental designs.

**Unit III:** Data Resources: Secondary data sources and usage; Online data sources; Primary data collection methods-questioning techniques, online-surveys, observation method; Questionnaire preparation.

**Unit IV:** Aptitude measurement and scaling techniques -elementary introduction to measurement scales. Sampling Plan: Universe, sample frame and sampling unit; Sampling techniques; Sample size determination. Data Collection: Organization of field work and survey errors-sampling and non sampling errors. Data Analysis: Univariate, bivariate and multivariate data analysis; Report preparation and presentation.

Unit V: Market Research Applications: Product research; Advertising research; Sales and market research; International marketing research; Marketing research in India.

- 1. Beri, G.C: Marketing Research, Tata Mc Grew Hill, New Delhi.
- 2. Chisnall, PeterM.:The Essence of Marketing Research, Prentice Hall, New Delhi
- 3. Churchill, Gilbert A: Basic Marketing Research, Dryden Press, Boston
- 4. Davis, J.J: Advertising Research, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 5. Green, Paul E., Donald S.Tull and Gerald Albaum: Research for Marketing Decision, Prentice Hall, New Delhi
- 6. Hooda, R.P:Statistics for Business and Economics, Macmillan India, New Delhi
- 7. Luck, D.J:Marketing Research, Prentice Hall, New Delhi

### **Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)**

### PBMSE47001T: Product and Brand Management

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

### Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the key concepts and principles of product management.
- Analyze the factors that influence the design of a product and identify the changes that can impact product management in a dynamic market environment.
- Develop effective product strategies.
- Evaluate the role of brands in the marketplace, differentiate between commodities and brands, and comprehend the concept of brand equity and its significance.
- Apply the knowledge of brand positioning & brand building and learn about brand measurement techniques.

## **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:**Product Management:Product Development,Product focused organization; Market focused organization, Factors influencing design of the product, Changes affectingproduct management.

**Unit II:** Developing Product Strategy:Setting objectives & alternatives, Product strategy Overthelife-cycle, Customer analysis, Competitor analysis, Design of manufacture, new product development.

**Unit III:** Brand & Brand Management: Commodities Vs Brands, The role of brands, The brand equity concept, Brand EquityModels—Brand Asset Valuation, Aaker Model, BRANDZ, Brand Resonance, Building Brand Equity, Brand Identity and Brand image.

**Unit IV:** Brand Positioning & Brand Building: Brand knowledge, Brand portfolios and market segmentation, Steps ofbrand building, Identifying and establishing and positioning, Defining and establishing brand values.

**Unit V:** Measuring and Managing Brand Equity:Brand Value chain, Brand Audits, Brand Tracking, Brand Valuation. Managing Brand Equity: Brand Reinforcement, Brand Revitalization, and Brand Crisis.

- 1. Aaker, David A.: Managing Brand Equity, Free Press, NewYork.
- 2. Chaturvedi, M: New Product Development, Wheeler Publications, NewDelhi.
- 3. Kapferer.J.N: Strategic Brand Management, Kogan Page, New York.
- 4. Kuller, K.L: Strategic Brand Management, Prentice Hall, NewDelhi.
- 5. Majumdar, Ramanuj: Product Management in India, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 6. Moise, S: Successful Product Management, Kogan Page, New York.
- 7. Moore, W.I: Product Planning Management, McGrawHill, Boston.
- 8. Moorthi, Y.L.R.: Brand Management, Vikas Publication House, NewDelhi.
- 9. Quelch, J.A: Casesin Product Management, Irwin, London.

- 10. Sen Gupta, Subrato: Brand Positioning, Tata McGrawHill, Delhi.
- 11. Urban, GlenL., John R.Hanser and Nikilesh Dholakia: Essentials of NewProduct Management, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliff, New York.
- 12. Batra, R., John G. Myers and David A. Aaker. Advertising Management, 5th Edition, Pearson Education.
- 13. Wells W., Burnet J.and Moriarty S. Advertising: Principles & Practice, Pearson Education.
- 14. Keller K.L., Strategic Brand Management, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education.
- 15. Aaker, David, Managing Brand Equity, Prentice Hall of India.
- 16. Belch, G.E.& Belch, M.A. Advertising and Promotion, Tata McGraw Hill.

# **GROUP II (HUMAN AREA)**

M.Com. Semester: I 2025-26

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)** 

OCMSE47001T: Organization Development and Change Management

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No.of Hours Per Week	<b>Total No. of Teaching Hours</b>
4 Credits	4 Hours	60Hours

## Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the concept of Organizational Development (OD).
- Develop skills in conducting organizational diagnosis at various using appropriate diagnostic methods and data collection processes.
- Gain knowledge of effective OD interventions and their design.
- Analyze different types of change and their implications.
- Acquire practical insights into implementing change management and integrating change into the organizational culture.

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Introduction to Organizational Development: Definition, Nature and Characteristicsof Organization Development, Managing the Organization Development Process, Theories of Planned Change, Goals, Values and Assumptions of OD, Role and Competencies of the OD practitioner.

**Unit II:** The Diagnostic Process and Introduction to OD Interventions: Diagnosis at the Organization, Group and Individual Level, Data Collection Process, Diagnostic Methods, Challenges in Diagnosis, Diagnostic Information Feedback: Characteristics of Effective Feedback, Survey Feedback. Characteristics of Effective Interventions, Designing Interventions, the Intervention Process. Human Process and HRM Intervention: Sensitivity Training, Process Consultation, Third-Party Interventions, Team Building, Organization Confrontation Meeting, Intergroup Relations Interventions, Large Group Interventions: Grid OD; Role Playing, Employee Empowerment

**Unit III:** Techno Structural Strategic Interventions: Restructuring Organizations, Job Enrichment, Sociotechnical Systems, TQ Mand Quality Circles, Culture Change, Self Designing Organizations, Learning Organizations. Challenges and Future for the Organization, Futuretrendsin OD, Ethical Issues in Organizational Development.

**Unit IV:** Organizational diagnosis, Evolutionary Change, Transformational Change, Turnaround Change. Human processual, techno structural, human resource and strategic interventions. Understanding Change: nature of change, forces of change, perspective on change:contingency perspective population ecology perspective—institutional perspective Resource-dependence perspective.

**Unit V:** Types of Change: continuous change discontinuous change participative change directive change. Implementing change: assemble a change management team; establish a new direction for change. Prepare the organization for change, setup change teams to implement change, align structure, systems and resources to support change, identify and

to remove road block stochange, absorb change into the culture of the organization.

- 1. French, W.L.Bell, Jr., C.H. and Zawacki, R.A.: OrganisationDevelopment, Universal Book Stall, New Delhi.
- 2. Huse, E.F. and Cummings, T.G.: Organization Development and Change, West Publishing Co., Minnesota.
- 3. Cummings, T.G. and Worley, C.G.: Organization Development and Change, USA; South Western College Publishing.
- 4. Beer, M.and Nitin, N: Breaking the Code of Change, USA: Harvard Business School Press.
- 5. Pettigrew.A.and Whipp, R.: Change Management for Competitive Success, New Delhi: Infinity Books.
- 6. Schein, E.H. and Beckard, R: Addison Wesley Serieson Organization Development, USA: Addison Wesley Publishing Co.

### **Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)**

### MLPSE47001T: Managerial Leadership

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

### Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the different approaches to leadership.
- Explore various contemporary leadership theories.
- Recognize the importance of cultural and global perspectives in leadership.
- Analyze the dynamics of power in leadership.
- Develop essential leadership skills and styles.

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Leaders and Leadership; Leaders and Managers; Trait approach, skills approach, style approach and situational approach; Womenas leaders.

**Unit II:** Charismatic Leadership; Transformational Leadership, Authentic Leadership, Trustand Leadership, Ethics and Leadership, Contemporary Leadership Roles.

**Unit III:** Substitutes for Leadership, Leadership across cultures, Leadership in the new environment, Project GLOBE and the future of International Leadership Studies.

**Unit IV:**Leadership and Power; The Distinction among power, authority and influence; The classifications of power, Contingency approaches to power, political implications of power, Global implications of power.

Unit V:Important Perspectives in Leadership: Negotiation and Networking, Developing Leadership Skill, Leadership Styles of Indian Manager, Women & leadership

- 1. Fred Luthans: Organizational Behaviour.
- 2. Stephen P. Robbins, Timothy A. Judge, and Seema Sanghi: Organizational Behaviour, Person Prentice Hall.
- 3. Sampat P.Singh: Leading Lessions from Literature, Response Books,.
- 4. Peter G.Northhouse: Leadership: Theory and Practice, Response Books.
- 5. Fred Luthans and Bruce Avolio: The High Impact Leader, McGraw-Hill.
- 6. Paul HerseyandKennethH .Blenchard :Management of Organizational Behaviour: Utilizing HumanResource,Pearson Prentice Hall
- 7. Yukal, G.A.: Leadership in Organizations, Pearson Prentice Hall.

### **Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)**

### **HRDSE47001T: Human Resource Development**

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

### Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the conceptual framework of HRD.
- Differentiate between HRD and HRM, and comprehend the nature and assumptions of HRD.
- Identify the sub-systems and mechanisms of HRD, design HRD systems, and understand the qualities required for an HRD manager.
- Analyze HRD activities and comprehend training & development
- Understand the concept of organization development and its interventions. Develop insights into emerging issues in HRD.

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Conceptual Framework of HRD, Meaning, Characteristics, Objectives, Scope, Need and Importance of HRD. Distinction between HRD and HRM, Nature of HRD, HRDFramework, Assumptions of HRD, HRD Culture.

**Unit II:** Sub-systems and Mechanisms of HRD, HRD Matrix, Principles of Designing HRD Systems, Functions of HRD Department and Qualities required for HRD manager.

HRD Activities: Organisation of HRD Activities Communication of HRD efforts.

Determination of HRD needs. Design of HRD Strategies. HRD for Workers and Executives. HRD Culture, Appraisal of HRD efforts.

**Unit III:** Training & Development: Objectives and Importance of Training, Training Need Assessment, Types and Methods of Training, Evaluation of Training Programme.

Organization Development(OD):Objectives, various OD Interventions, Transactional Analysis, Sensitivity Training, Team Building.

Unit IV: Career Planning, Succession Planning, Employee Counselling, Feedback, HRD in India. HRD Experiences: HRD in Manufacturing and Service industry, HRD in Government and Public Systems, HRD in Education, Health and other sectors.

Comparative HRD- International Experiences.

**Unit V:** Emerging Issues in HRD: Creating awareness and commitment to HRD. Industrial Relations and HRD. Utilisation of HRD efforts. Emerging trends and perspectives, Future of HRD.

- 1. Dayal Ishwar:Designing HRD Systems, New Delhi Concept.1993
- 2. Kohil. Uddesh & Sinha, Dharmi P.: HRD-Global Challenges & Strategiesin 2000A.D. New Delhi, ISTD,1995
- 3. Maheshwari, B.L. & Sinha, Dhami P.: Management of Change through HRD New Delhi, Tata McGraw Hill, 1991.
- 4. Pareek. U.etc.:Managing Transitions:The HRD Response, NewDelhi, Tata McGraw Hill, 1992
- 5. Rao, T.V.etc.: Alternative Approaches & Strategies of Human Resource Development, Jaipur, Rawat, 1988.
- 6. Silvera, D.N.: HRD: The Indian Experience, NewDelhi, India, 1991.

### **Discipline Centric Core Course (DCC)**

## **FOMCC47002T: Fundamentals of Management Research**

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

### Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the meaning and types of research, and the role of research in the managerial process and social sciences.
- Identify and select research problems, formulate hypotheses, and design research studies using appropriate methodologies.
- Collect and analyze various types of data using observation, interview, and questionnaire methods, and apply the scientific method to social research.
- Choose appropriate sampling techniques, determine sample sizes, and apply case study methodology to investigate real-world situations.
- Write effective research reports using general principles and practices, and utilize computer tools for research purposes.

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I**: Research: Meaning, Types, Research and the Managerial Process, Management Research and the Social Science, Fundamental/Applied Approaches: Historical/Experimental / Exploratory Methodology.

**Unit II:** Research Problem: Selection and Identification. Hypotheses: Meaning and Formulation. Research Design: Meaning, Types, Essentials.

Unit III: Data:Types, Methods of Collection, Observation Method, Interview Method,

Schedule/Questionnaire. Scientific Method: Meaning, Characteristics, Steps of Scientific Method, Problem of use of Scientific Method in Social Research.

**Unit IV:** Sampling: Different Types, Determination of Sample Size and Selection of Sample. Case Study: Meaning, assumptions procedure, merits and limitation.

Unit V: Research Report: General Principles and Practice. Layout of Research Report,Types of Reports, Mechanics of writing Research Report. Computer and Research.

- 1. Rogert Bennett: Management Research, ILO Publication
- 2. Rummel, J.F.and Ballaine, W.C.: Research Methodology in Business, Harper and Row, New York
- 3. Kerlinger. F.N.:Foundations of Behavioural Research
- 4. Hughes, J.: The Philosophy of Social Research, Longman, London
- 5. Blalock, H.M.: An Introduction to Social Research, Prentice Hall, New Jersey
- 6. Bailey, K.D.: Methods of Social Research, Free Press, New York
- 7. Kothari, C.R.: Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi.
- 8. Trivedi,R.N. and Shukla,D.P.:Research Methodology (HindiEdition) College Book Depot, Jaipur
- 9. Satpal Runela: Sarvekeshan Anusandhan Aur Sankhiki, Vikas Publishing, NewDelhi
- 10. Campbell:Formand Style in Thesis Writing (William Gileo)
- 11. Sharma C.L.: Samajik Anushandhan Evam Surveykshan, Rajasthan Hindi Granth Acadamy, Jaipur
- **12.** Nahar and Khanna: Samajik Anushandhan Evam Surveykshan, Jain Book Depot, Jodhpur

### **Discipline Centric Core Course (DCC)**

**SMTCC47002T: Strategic Management** 

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	<b>Total No. of Teaching Hours</b>
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

### Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, thes tudents will be able to:

- Understand the evolution of strategic management, and the different levels of strategy and schools of thought that have contributed to the field.
- Develop strategic intent by creating a clear vision, mission, and objectives that are aligned with the organization's values and goals.
- Formulate effective corporate and business level strategies by analyzing and appraising the internal and external environment.
- Analyze and choose among different strategic options, taking into account subjective factors and contingency strategies.
- Implement functional and operational plans that support the overall strategic direction of the organization, and evaluate and control the effectiveness of those strategies through various techniques.

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Strategic Management: Evolution, Understanding Strategy, Levels of strategy, strategic decision making, issues in strategic decision making, various schools of thoughts on formation of strategy,introduction to strategic management, strategic management process.

**Unit II:** Establishing Strategic Intent: Understanding strategic intent, concept of stretch, leverage and fit, vision, mission, business definition, goals and objectives, role of objectives, characteristics of objectives, issues in objective setting, formulation of objective.

**Unit III:** Strategy Formulation: Concept of environment, environmental sectors, scanning of the environment, environmental appraisal, organizational appraisal, corporate level & Business level strategies.

**Unit IV:** Strategic Analysis & Choice: Process of strategic choice, strategic analysis, subjective factors in strategic choice, contingency strategies. Strategy Implementation:

Nature of strategy implementation, barrier to strategy implementation, interrelationship of formulation and implementation, project implementation, procedural implementation, and behavioral implementation

**Unit V:** Functional and Operational Implementation: Financial, Marketing, Operations/
Production, Personnel plans and policies, information, integration of functional plans and policies. Strategic evaluation and control; Techniques of strategic evaluation and control.

- Azar Kazmi: Business Policy and Strategic Management, Tata McGrawHill, NewDelhi.
- 2. Jain PC: Strategic Management (Hindi).
- 3. Bhattacharry, SKand N. Venkataramin: Managing Business Enterprises: Strategies, Structures and Systems, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 4. Budhiraja, S.B.andAthreya, M.B.: CasesinStrategic Management, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 5. Coulter, Mary K. Strategic Managementin Action, Pearson Education, Delhi.
- 6. David, Fred R.: Strategies Management, Pearson Education, Delhi.
- 7. Glueck, William F.and Lawrence R.Jaunch: Business Policy and Strategic Management, McGraw Hill, International Edition.
- 8. H.Igor, Ans off: Implanting Strategic Management, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- 9. Michael, E. Portor: Implanting Strategic Management, PrenticeHall, NewDelhi.
- 10. Mintzberg, Henry and James, Brian Quinn: The Strategy Process, Pearson Education, Delhi.
- 11. Newman, William H.andJames, P.Logan: Strategy, Policyand CentralManagement, South Western Publishing Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.
- 12. Sharma, R.A.: Strategic Management in Indian Companies, Deep and Deep Publications, New Delhi.
- 13. Peters, T.J.andR.H.Waterman, Jr.in Search of Excellence, Harper and Row, NewYork.
- 14. Ramaswamy, V.S.andS. Namakumari, Strategic Planning: Formulation of Corporate Strategy, Text and Cases. The Indian Context, Macmillia n India, Delhi.

### **GROUP I (MARKETING AREA)**

M. Com. Semester: II 2025-26

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)** 

**AMTSE47002T: Advertising Management** 

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

### Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the nature and importance of advertising, communication process and model, and types of advertising.
- Analyze mission and market objectives, determine target audience, and understand segmentation and positioning for integrated advertising programs.
- Develop and test advertising message and copy, including headlines, visualization and layout, appeals, testimonials, celebrity endorsements, body copy, logo, and illustration.
- Plan media selection and scheduling for print, broadcasting, and non-media advertising, andunderstand media testing.
- Understand the role of advertising agencies and learn how to evaluate advertising effectiveness using pre and post-tests.

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Introduction to Advertising: Advertising – its nature and importance; communication process and model; Advertising and communication; Types of advertising; Advertising management process-an overview.

**Unit II:** Integrated Advertising Program Analysis of Mission & Market Objective Setting & Determining Target Audience, Understanding Segmentation, Positioning.

Advertising Objectives and Budget:Determining advertising objectives; Methods of Determining advertising budget.

**Unit III:** Understanding Message Strategy: Message & Copy in Advertising, Copy Development and Testing: Determining advertising message and copy - Headlines in Print & TV Advertising, Visualization & Layout, AD Appeals, Testimonials & Celebrity Endorsement, body copy, logo, illustration; Creativestyes and advertising appeals; Copytesting.

**Unit IV:** Media Planning: Printmedia, broadcasting media; Non-media advertising; Media. Planning-media selection and scheduling; Media testing.

**Unit V:** Advertising Stake Holders – Advertising Organization, Evolution & History of advertising Agency, The working of AD agencies, Organization Structure of Advertising Department, Interface with other Departments, Functions of Advertising Agency Role of advertising agencies; Advertising agency and client relationship; Evaluating advertising effectiveness-preandpost-tests.

- 1. Aaker, David, et.al. Advertising Management, PrenticeHall, NewDelhi.
- 2. Batra, Rajeev, John G. MyersandDavid A. Aaker: Advertising Management, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 3. Davis, J.J: Advertising Research, Prentice Hall, New Delhi
- 4. Gunter, Barrie: Media ResearchMethods, Sagepublications, London.
- 5. Norris, James S.: Advertising, PrenticeHall, NewDelhi.
- 6. SandageC.H. and Fry Burger: Advertising Theory and Practice, Richard D Irwin, Illinois.
- 7. Sengupta, Subroto: Brand Positioning, Tata McGraw Hill Co., NewDelhi.
- 8. Sissors, Jack, zand Linco ln Bimba: Advertising Media Planning, NTC Business Books, Illinois, USA.
- 9. Sontaki, C.N.: Advertising and Sales Management, Kalyani Publishers

### **Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)**

### LSMSE47002T: Logistics and Supply Chain Management

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	<b>Total No. of Teaching Hours</b>
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

### Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the concept of supply chain management (SCM) and trade logistics.
- Analyze and evaluate logistic activities at both macro and micro levels, and recognize the contribution of logistics to the overall supply chain.
- Apply supply chain metrics (KPIs) for performance measurement and continuous improvement, and comprehend the strategic role of purchasing in the supply chain.
- Demonstrate knowledge of relationship marketingin SCM.
- Understand the importance of effective transportation systems, characteristics of different service choices, international shipping and trade and warehousing and inventory management principles and techniques.

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Introduction:Concept of supply chain management (SCM) and trade logistics; Scope of logistics; Logistic activities—an Overview; Contribution of logistics at macro and micro levels; Process of integrated SCM.

**Unit II:** Supply chain metrics (KPIs), performance measurement and continuous improvement; Product development Process and SCM; Strategic role of purchasing in the Supply chain.

**Unit III:** Managing Relationship: Role of Relationship marketing in SCM; Managing relationships with suppliers and customers; Captive buyers and suppliers; Strategic partnerships.

**Unit IV:** Focus Areas of Logistics and Supply Chain management: Transportation-Importanceof effective transportation system; Service choices and their characteristics; inter-modal services, World sea borne trade; International shipping- characteristics and structure; Development in sea transportation-Unitization, containerisation, inter and multimodal transport. Carriage of Goods by sea-Role and types of cargo intermediaries; Airtransport: Setup for air transport and freightrates.

**Unit V:** Warehousing and inventory management: Reasons for warehousing; Warehousing location strategies; Inventory management principles and approaches; Inventory categories - EOQ, LT, ICC; Material management systems and techniques—JIT purchasing, manufacturing and in-bound logistics; Packing and marking.

- Ballau, R.H., Business Logistics Management, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs.
- Christopher, M., Logistics and Supply Chain Management, Prentice Hall.
- Murphy, Paul R. and Donald F.Wood, Contemporary Logistics, Prentice Hall.
- Shapiro, R., Logistics Strategy: Cases and Concepts, West Publishing, St. Paul.
- Coughlan, A., Anderson, E.and Louis W. Stern, Marketing Channels, Prentice Hall.
- Hand field and Nicholas, Jr., Introduction to Supply Chain Management, Prentice Hall.
- Jhon J Coyle, C. Jhon and Langley, Brian J Gibs, Logistics approach to Supply Chain Management, Cengage Learning.

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)** 

**SMGSE47002T: Sales Management** 

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

### Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the concept, objectives and functions of sales management and explain the buyer-seller dyads.
- Gain knowledge of the fundamentals of selling, the selling process, and salesmanship, including customer and product knowledge.
- Analyze the importance and types of sales planning.
- Develop an understanding of setting up a sales organization.
- Apply sales force management principles and learn about ethical issues & relational selling.

### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Selling: Concept, objectives and functions of sales management; Buyer-seller dyads; Fundamentals of selling; Selling process; Salesmanship; Product and customer knowledge.

**Unit II:** Sales Planning: Importance and types of sales planning; Sales planning process; Sales forecasting; Territory allocation; Sales quotas; Sales budget.

**Unit III:** Sales Organization: Setting up a sales organization; planning process; Principles of determining sales organization factors affecting size of Sales organization.

**Unit IV:** Sales Force Management: Estimating manpower requirements for sales department; Planning for manpower - recruitment and selection, training and development, placement and induction; Motivating sales force; Leading the sales force; Compensation and promotion policies; Sales meetings and contests.

**Unit V:** Control Process: Analysis of sales volume, costs, and profitability; managing expenses of sales personnel; evaluating sales force performance. Ethical issues and relational selling: Basic Fundamentals and Concepts.

- 1. Allen, R.Y: Selling Dynamics, Tata McGrawHill, NewDelhi.
- 2. Anderson, Hair, Bush: Professional Sales Management, McGrawHill, Singapore.
- 3. Churchill, Walker: Managementofsalesforce, McGraw Hill, Singapore
- 4. Gupta, Vaswar Das: Sales Management-the Indian Perspective, Prentice Hall, Delhi
- 5. Krik C.A. Salesmanship, Taraporewala, Bombay.
- 6. Lancaster G: Selling and Sales Management, Macmillan, NewDelhi.
- 7. Stanton, W. Jand R Spiro: Management of Sales Force, McGrawHill, Singapore.
- 8. Still, Richard R., Edward W. Cundiff, and Norman AP. Govoni: Sales Management, PrenticeHall, New Delhi.

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)** 

RMGSE47002T: Retail Marketing

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

### Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the concept of retailing both in India and from international perspectives.
- Analyze the consumer buying decision process and the various factors that influence consumer shopping behaviour.
- Develop knowledge of retail planning as well as the retail marketing mix and strategies for brand management, merchandise management, and inventory.
- Gain insights into retail location decisions.
- Explore the role of promotion in retailing. Understand human resource issues, customer service management and the impact of information technology in retailing.

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Retailing - Definition, Functions, Importance, Types of Retailing, Organized & Unorganized, Store and Non-store; Retailing in India - Current Scenario, Retailing from International Perspectives; Consumer Buying Decision Process, Influencing Factors, Consumer Shopping Behaviour.

**Unit II:** Retail Planning - Purpose, Method, Structure and Monitoring the Plan; Retail Marketingmix-Strategies; Retail Brand Management-Positioning, Personality, Merchandise Management, Meaning, Methods, Assortment and Inventory; Purchase Negotiation, Supply Channel and Relationship, SCM Principles and Retail Logistics.

**Unit III:** Retail Location Decisions—Trading Area Analysis, Types of Locations; Site Evaluation; Store Design-Layout and Space Management; Visual Merchandising and Displays; Retail Pricing - Approaches, Influencing Factors.

**Unit IV:** Retail Promotion-Setting Objectives, Role of Advertising, Sales Promotion, Personal Selling, Public Relations and Relationship Marketing in Retailing; Human Resource Issues and Considerations, Customer Service Management.

**Unit V:** Impact of Information Technology in Retailing, Integrated Systems and Networking, EDI, Bar Coding, RFID, Customer Database Management. Electronic Retailing - Role of Web, Online Retailing, Factors to be considered in having a Online Store, Limitations of Web and Future Trends, Consumerism and Ethicsin Retailing, Social and Greenissues. Retail Audit.

- 1. Michael Levy, Barton Weitz: Retail Management, Mc Graw Hill
- 2. Chetan Bajaj, Rajnish Arya,Nidhi Varma Srivatava:Retail Management,Oxford Publishing
- 3. TapanK.Panda,SunilSahadev:Sales and Distribution Management, Oxford Publishing
- 4. Suja Nair:Retail Management, Himalaya Publishing House
- 5. Swapna Pradhan:Retailing Management, Tata McGraw Hill
- 6. S.L.Gupta: Retail Management, Wisdom Publications
- 7. Philip Kotler: Marketing Management, Prentice Hall

### **GROUP II (HUMAN AREA)**

M. Com. Semester: II 2025-26

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)** 

**LMRSE47002T: Labour-Management Relations** 

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	<b>Total No. of Teaching Hours</b>
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the concept to find ustrial relations, the parties involved and the changing pattern of industrial settlement, and the role of state action in regulating labor relations.
- Identify the problems faced by trade unions in India and analyze recent trends in the trade union movement.
- Comprehend the concept and process of collective bargaining and assess its progress in India.
- Understand the concept and objectives of worker participation in management and its forms, progress, barriers, and remedial measures in the Indian context.
- Understand the objectives, principles, functions, and organization of the International Labour Organization and its impact on Indian labour.

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Industrial Relations:concept and Parties, Rise and Growth, Industrial Relations and Human Relations, Changing pattern of Industrial settlement, State action

**Unit II:** Trade Unions:Problems and remedies, Recent Trends inTrade Union Movement in India, Employers, Organizations and their role

Unit III: Collective Bargaining: Concept, Need, Process-Collective Bargaining in India: Progress, Prerequisites for success, Wage Boards

**Unit IV:** Worker's Participationin Management Concept, Need, Objectives of Participation-Indian Scene: Forms, Progress, Barriers, Remedial Measures

**Unit V:** International Labour Organization: Objectives, Principles, Functions, Organization, impact of ILO on Indian Labour, Labour Productivity: Concept, Causes of low Productivity. Measures for improving productivity

- Myres, C.A.: Industrial Relations in India
- PigorsandMyres: Reading in Personnel Administration
- Agrwal, R.D.: Dynamics of Labour Relations
- Punekar, S.: Industrial PeaceinIndia
- Vaid,K.N.:Labour Management Relation in India
- Shrivastava G.L.:Collective Bargaining and Labour Management Relations in India
- Agnihotri, V.: Industrial Relations
- Sharma, Suranaand Srivastava:Prabandhevam Audhyogic Sambandh, Hindi
- Tanic Zivan:Participation in Management

### **Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)**

**CMGSE47002T: Compensation Management** 

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	<b>Total No. of Teaching Hours</b>
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the various types of compensation and the conceptual framework of compensation management.
- Analyze the theories of wages and criteria for wage fixation, considering institutional and cultural factors influencing compensation practices.
- Develop a strategic compensation plan by designing a total compensation strategy, conducting job evaluations, and establishing a compensation structure.
- Evaluate variable pay systems, including incentive plans and performance measurement issues, and their application in a global context.
- Gain insights into managing employee benefits.

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Compensation, types of compensation, conceptual framework of compensation management, Theories of wages – criteria of wage fixation – Institutional and cultural factors on compensation practices—National differences in compensation—Compensation system design issues:Compensations Philosophies, compensation approaches

**Unit II:** Strategic Compensation Planning: Developing a total compensation strategy – Competitive Advantage – Job evaluation systems, the compensation structure- Wage and salarysurveys, the wage curve, pay grades and rate ranges, preparing salary matrix, fixing Pay, significant compensation issues.

**Unit III:** Variable Pay: Strategic reasons for incentive plans, administering incentive plans, individual incentive plans – group incentive plans – team compensation, ESOPs – Performance measurement issues, incentive application and globalization Managing Employee Benefits: Nature and types of benefits, employee benefits programs security benefits, retirement security benefits, health care benefits, time–off benefits,

benefits administrations, employee benefits required by law, discretionary major employee benefits, employee services designing a benefits package.

**Unit IV:** Executive compensation—elements of executive compensation and its anagement — Executive compensation in an international context Wage Determination:Principles of wage and salary administration, methods of wage determination in India; internal and external equity incompensation systems, wage administration in India: wage policy in India, wage boards: structure, scope and functions—Pay Commissions

**Unit V:** International Compensation-global convergence of compensation practices-Pay for performance of global employees-practices indifferent industries-Employee benefits around the world-CEO payina global context-Beyond compensation.

- 1. Milkovich, Newman & Gerhart, Compensation, TMH
- 2. Luis R.Gomez-Mejia &Steve Werner, Global compensation –Foundations and perspectives Routledge
- 3. RichardI. Henderson, Compensation Managementina Knowledge-Based World, Pearson Education
- 4. BD Singh, Compensation And Reward Management, Excel Books
- 5. Tapomoy Deb, Compensation Management, Text and Cases, Excel Books.

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)** 

## LWSSE47002T: Labour Welfare and Social Security

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

### **Course Outcome:On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:**

- Understand the concept and principles of labour welfare and social welfare and their significance in the Indian context.
- Analyze the historical development of labour welfare in India.
- Examine the impact of the Indian Labour Organization (ILO)on labour welfare in India and understand the roles and functions of various agencies involved in labour welfare.
- Comprehend the concept and scope of social security and explore the development of social security measures for industrial employees in India.
- Gain insights into the evolution of machinery for labour administration.

#### **SYLLABUS**

Unit I: Social Welfare; Labour Welfare:Concept,Scope;Philosophy and Principles of Labour Welfare; Indian Constitution and Labour Welfare; Labour Welfare Policy, Historical Development of Labour Welfare in India; Social Security framework in India.

**Unit II:** Impact of Indian Labour Organization (ILO) on Labour Welfare in India; Agencies of Labour Welfare and their Roles, Labour Welfare Programmes: Statutory and Non-statutory, Extra Mural and Intra Mural. Welfare Centers; Welfare Officer: Role, Status and Functions.

Unit III:Social Security: Concept and Scope; Social Assistance and Social Insurance, Development of Social Security in India; Social Security Measures for Industrial Employees

**Unit IV:** Evolution of Machinery for Labour Administration; Central Labour Administrative Machinery in India, Labour Administration in India.

**Unit V:** Director General of Employment and Training; Director General of Factory Advice Service; Provident Fund Organization; ESI Schemes; Central Board for Workers' Education.

- 1. Moorthy, M.V., Principles of Labour Welfare, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi.
- 2. Vaid,K.N., Labour Welfare in India, Sree Ram Centre for Industrial Relations and Human Resources, New Delhi.
- 3. Sarma, A.M., Aspects of Labour Welfare and Social Security, Himalaya Publishing, House, Mumbai.
- 4. Ram Chandra P.Singh, Labour Welfare Administration in India, Deep & DeepPub., New Delhi.
- 5. Punekar, S. D. Deodhar S.B., Sankaran, Saraswathi, Labour Welfare, Trade Unionismand Industrial Relations, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.
- 6. Pant S.C., Indian Labour Problems, Chaitanya Publishing House, and Allahabad.
- 7. Saxena, R.C., Labour Problems and Social Welfare, K. Nath & Co., Meerut.

## **Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)**

## **OPESE47002T: Organizational Psychology and Employees Counselling**

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	<b>Total No. of Teaching Hours</b>
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

### Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the fundamentals of counselling.
- Develop effective counselling skills.
- Apply counseling techniques to special groups.
- Analyze career development theories.
- Explore organizational psychology and learning.

### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Counselling Define, Types of Counselling, Theories of counselling, Initiating Counselling Process, Trust and Empathy Building, Communication Techniques for Counselling Work, Carkhuff Model, Neuro-linguistic Programming. Counselling with special groups at work like handicapped, aged and women.

**Unit II:** Psychodynamic Theory, Trainand Factor Theory, Holland's Theory of Careers, Social Learning Theory. Life Spanand Life Space Approach, Sociological Perspectiveson Work, Career Development Theory.

Unit III: Application: Career Counselling, Career Choice, Career Decision Making, Career Development, Performance Counselling, Monitoring, Issuerelated Counselling, Boss-Subordinate conflicts and Grievances, Justice and Equity Issues, Alcoholism, Indebtedness, Absenteeism, Stress, Family Counselling.

**Unit IV:** Organisational Psychology and Learning:History and development in the field of Work psychology, major problems of organizational psychology. Learning: Learning process, Learning curve

**Unit V:** Principles of learning, Classical and Instrumental Conditioning, Motivational factors in learning, Individual and Situational differences in behaviour.

- Carkhuff. Helping Relations Vol.-Iand II CantorA.(1945), Employee counseling Mc. Graw Hill, NewYork.
- 2. Dawna Markova, (1991), The Art of the possible Conari Press.
- 3. Dickson W.J. Roethlis Berger (1961): Counselling inorganization, Graduate School of Business Administration.
- 4. Duance Brown, (1990): Linda Brooksitall Career Choice and Development Jossey-Bass
- 5. Publishers, Oxford.
- 6. Joseph O'Connarand John Seymour (1990): Introductory Neuro-linguistic Programming, Work Career Development Theory.

### **Discipline Centric Core Course (DCC)**

### LILCC47003T: Labour and Industrial Laws

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

### Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the emergence and objectives of labour laws and the irsocio-economic environment, and evaluate labour legislations in India
- Comprehend the provisions of the Factories Act, 1948, and the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.
- Familiarize the mselves with key labour lawsre lated towages, minimum wages, and trade unions.
- Gain knowledge of important labour laws concerning compensation, insurance, and social security
- Understand the regulations governing contract labour, maternity benefits and gratuity

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Emergence and objectives of labour laws and their socio-economic environment. Evaluation of labour legislations in India. Need and principles of labour legislation.

**Unit II:** Factories Act 1948: Provisions regarding health, welfare and security. Industrial Disputes Act, 1947: Provisions regarding Strikes, Lockouts, Retrenchment and Layoff.

Unit III: Payment of Wages Act, 1936, Minimum Wages Act, 1948, Trade Union Act, 1926

**Unit IV:** Workers Compensation Act, 1923, Employee's State Insurance Act, 1948, Employees Provident Fund and miscellaneous provisions Act, 1952.

**Unit V:** Contract Labour Act (Abolition & Regulation Act), 1970, Maternity Benefit Act, 1961, Payment of Gratuity Act 1972.

- 1. Misra, S.N.: Labour and Industrial Laws, Central Law Publications, Allahabad.
- 2. Malik, P.N.: Industrial Law (Volume1and2), Eastern Book Depot, NewDelhi.
- 3. Garg, A: Labour Laws: One Should Know, New Delhi, NABHI Publications.
- 4. Raza, M.A. and Anderson, A.J.: Labour Relations and the Law, Prentice Hall Inc., London.
- 5. Saini, D.S.: Caseson Labour Law: Minimum Conditions of Employment, Oxford, NewDelhi.
- 6. Srivastava, S.C.: Industrial Relations and Labour Laws, NewDelhi, Vikas Publishing House.
- **7.** Monga, M.I.: Industrial Relations and Labour Laws in India, Deep and Deep Publications Pvt.Ltd. Delhi.

### **Discipline Centric Core Course (DCC)**

### **ITBCC47003T: Information Technology for Business**

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

### Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Have a comprehensive understanding of concept and evolution of e-commerce, its associated technologies, security measures, legal frame work and electronic data interchange.
- Gain knowledge and skills necessary to navigate the e-commerce landscape, address privacy and security concerns, and comply with relevant laws and regulations.
- Get familiar with e-commerce business models and revenue models.
- Gain knowledge of hardware and software fore-business.

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** E-Commerce – Definition, History of Ecommerce, Transition to E-Commerce in India, E-Commerce v/s Traditional Commerce, E-Commerce v/s E-Business. Strengths, Weakness, Opportunities and Challenges of E-Commerce, Components of E-Business, E-Commerce Business models—B2C, B2B, C2B, C2C, B2G, C2G. Ecommerce Business Revenue Models & Types, Impact of E-Commerce on business, Successful Business Models in India.

**Unit II:** Hardware and Software for E-Business: Web Servers – Browsers – Server Software – Web Authoring Tools - Database System - World Wide Web – Domain Name – Hardware requirements, Brief on Shopping Cart, Point of Sale, Wireless Payment Device, Strategies for WebAuction, Virtual Communities, Web Portal. Electronic Retailingand Malls. Electronic Shopping- Process, Electronic Catalogues, Interactive Advertising and Marketing.

**Unit III:** Privacy & Technology: Introduction to Internet Security – Secure Transactions – Computer Monitoring – Privacy Issues – Privacy on the Internet – Cyber Crimes & Types, Recent CyberAttacks, Major typesof Security Problems/Common Threats –E-Commerce and Security – Security for Internet Trading – Electronic Security Challenges. Introduction to Encryption: Elements & Methods of Encryption, Secret key, Private & Public key, Digital Signature, Digital Certificates. Modern Cryptography:Types,Tools & Applications, VPNs, SSL Protocol, Firewalls.

**Unit IV:** IT Act of 2000 (Amendment in 2008 & 2018): Introduction to Cyber Laws, Evolution & Need of Cyber Laws, Internet Frauds, Features, Objectives, Applicability & Non- applicability, Sections of IT Act ((Amendment) Act, 2018.), Section 43(A) (SPDI – Sensitive Personal Data), ISO 27001 guidelines, How to prevent Cyber Crimes?, Some Pioneering Indian Case Studies, ETransition Challenges for Indian Companies.

**UNIT 5:** EDI: Electronic Data Interchange (EDI): Meaning & Definition, History & Evolution, Uses, EDI Standards, EDI Working Concept, Implementation difficulties of EDI, Financial EDI, EDI and Internet, EDI services.

- 1. Raydu–ECommerce, Himalaya Publishing House
- 2. Suman.M–ECommerc & Accounting, Himalaya Publishing House
- 3. Kalakota Raviand A.B.Whinston:Frontiers of Electronic Commerce, Addison Wesley
- 4. WatsonRT:Electronic Commerce—the strategic perspective. The Drydenpress
- 5. Amrutha Gowry & Soundrajana, E-Business & Accounting, SHBP.
- 6. C.S.V Murthy-ECommerce, Himalaya Publishing House
- 7. Agarwala K.N and Deeksha Ararwala: Business on the Net–Whats and Hows of E Commerce
- 8. P.Diwan /S.Sharma– E–Commerce
- 9. Srivatsava: E.R.P,I.K.International Publishers
- 10. BharatBhasker, Electronic Commerce–Framework technologies and Applications, Tata McGraw-Hill Publications.
- 11. Kamlesh K. Bajajand Debjani Nag, Ecommerce- the cutting edge of Business, Tata McGraw-Hill Publications.

**Discipline Centric Core Course (DCC)** 

**IBSCC47003T: International Business** 

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

**Course Outcome: Onsuccessful completion of the course, the students will be able to:** 

- Develop a comprehensive understanding of international business concepts, the global businessenvironment, trade policies, international organizations and the dynamics of foreign exchange and investment.
- Analyze the international business environment.
- Comprehend international trade theories and patterns.
- Evaluate the role of international organizations.
- Equipped with analytical skills to evaluate and make informed decisions in the context of international business operations.

### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Introduction: International Business - Importance, nature and scope; Globalization; Drivers of Globalization. Basic Entry Decisions; Modes of entry into international business, selectingan Entry Strategy; IT and international business, India's involvement in International Business

**Unit II:** International Business Environment: Political, Legal, Economic and Cultural environment and associated risks; Framework for analyzing international business environment. International Trade: Reasons for international trade; Theories of international trade; Foreign trade multiplier; World trading environment – Pattern and structure of world trade in goods andservices; Government intervention in International Trade: Arguments for Government intervention.

**Unit III:** Instruments of Commercial Policy: Tariffs, quotas and other measures and their effects. World Trade and Protectionism: GATT, The Uruguay Round, WTO, Evaluation of WTO, Important Agreements of WTO–Agriculture Agreements; SPS, TBT, GATS, TRIPS; WTO and Developing Countries, WTO and India.

Unit IV: Balance of Payment Account: Components of BOP: Current Account, Capital Account, Official Reserve Account; Disequilibrium in BOP; Correction of Disequilibrium. International Economic Institutions and Financial Environment: IMF, World Bank, UNCTAD, International commodity trading and agreements - India's involvement and consequences; International Financial Environment: International Monetary System; Exchange rate mechanism and arrangement; Types of Exchange rate systems in the world; International money and capital markets.

**Unit V:** Movements in foreign exchange and interest rates. Foreign Direct Investment: Types of FDI; Theories of FDI, Cost and Benefit of FDI to Host and Home Countries, Government Policy Instruments and FDI, Trendsin FDI.

- 1. Daniels, JohnD. Radebaugh, Lee H., Sullivan, Daniel P.and Salwan, P., International Business: Environment and Operations.
- 2. Griffin, Ricky W. and Pustay, Michael W, International Business: A Managerial Perspective, Prentice Hall.
- 3. Hill, Charles, W.L., International Business, McGraw Hill Company, NewYork.
- 4. Cherunilam, F., International BusinessTextandCases, PHI.
- 5. Bhasin, N., Foreign Direct InvestmentinIndia: Policies, Conditions and Procedures, New Century Publications.
- 6. Ball, Donald, Wendall H.McCulloch, Miachel Geringer, Michael S.Minorand Jeanne M. McNett, International Business: The Challenge of Global Competition, McGraw Hill Co.

# **GROUP I (MARKETING AREA)**

M.Com. Semester: III 2026-27

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)** 

**CRMSE47003T: Customer Relationship Management** 

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No.of Hours Per Week	<b>Total No. of Teaching Hours</b>
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

# Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the fundamental concepts of Customer Relationship Management (CRM) and its importance.
- Understand the levels of Service/Sales Profiling and the key elements of ServiceLevel Agreements (SLAs).
- Gain insights into the role of CRM in marketing and customer service.
- Understand the application of CRM in various business contexts and the integration of CRM with Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP), Supply Chain Management (SCM), Supplier Relationship Management (SRM), and Partner Relationship Management (PRM).
- Understand the concept of analytical CRM and its role in managing and sharing customer data.

### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** CRM concepts: Acquiring customers, customer loyalty and optimizing customer relationships. CRM defined: success factors the three levels of Service/Sales Profiling, Service Level Agreements (SLAs), creating and managing effective SLAs.

**Unit II:** CRM in Marketing: One-to-one Relationship Marketing, Cross Selling & Up Selling, Customer Retention, Behavior Prediction, Customer Profitability & Value Modeling, Channel Optimization, Event-based marketing. CRMand Customer Service: The Call Centre, Call Scripting, Customer Satisfaction Measurement.

Unit III: Sales Force Automation - Sales Process, Activity, Contact, Lead and Knowledge Management. Field Force Automation. CRM links in E-Business: E-Commerce and Customer Relationships on the Internet, Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP), Supply Chain Management (SCM), Supplier Relationship Management (SRM), Partner relationship Management (PRM).

**Unit IV:** Analytical CRM: Managing and sharing customer data - Customer information databases, Ethics and legalities of data use. Data Warehousing and Data Mining concepts. Data analysis: Market Basket Analysis (MBA), Click stream Analysis, Personalization and Collaborative Filtering.

**Unit V:** CRM Implementation: Defining success factors, preparing a business plan-requirements, justification, and processes. Choosing CRM tools: Defining functionalities, Homegrown versus out-sourced approaches. Managing customer relationships: conflict, complacency, Resettingthe CRM strategy. Selling CR Minternally: CRM developmentTeam, Scoping and prioritizing, Development and delivery, Measurement.

- 1. Stanley A. Brown: Customer Relationship Management, Jhon Wiley & sons, Canada, Ltd.
- 2. Paul Greenberg: CRM at the speed of Light: Capturing and keeping customer in Internet realtime.
- 3. JillDyche: THE CRM HANDBOOK: A Business Guide to Customer Relationship Management, Addison Wesley Information technology Series.
- 4. Patrica Ramaswamyetal: Harward Business Reviewon Customer Relationship Management.
  - Gosney, John W. And Thomas P.Boehm: Customer Relationship Management Essentials PH, New Delhi.

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)** 

**MOSSE47003T: Marketing of Services** 

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	<b>Total No. of Teaching Hours</b>
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

## Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Develop a comprehensive understanding of service marketing principles, strategies, and applications.
- Apply strategic marketing management principles to services.
- Comprehend the marketing mix in service marketing.
- Analyze & address service-quality gaps and gain insights into marketing various service sectors.
- Gain knowledge and skills necessary to analyze, plan, and implement effective marketing approaches in the service industry.

### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Marketing of Services– Introduction, Growth of the Service Sector -The Concept of Service Characteristics of Services-Classification of Services-Designing the Service Blueprinting, Using Technology, and Developing Human Resources, Building Service Aspirations.

**Unit II:** Strategic Marketing Management for Services-Matching Demand and Supply through Capacity Planning and Segmentation-Internal Marketing of a Service External versus Internal Orientation of Service Strategy.

**Unit III:** Marketing Mix in Service Marketing- THE SEVEN Ps - Product Decisions, Pricing Strategies and Tactics, Promotion of Services and Placing or Distribution Methods for Services Additional Dimensions in Services Marketing- People, Physical Evidence and Process

**Unit IV:** Delivering Quality Services - Causes of Service-Quality Gaps: The Customer Expectations versus Perceived Service Gap, Factors and Techniques to Resolve this Gap Gaps in Service - Quality Standards, Factors and Solutions - The Service Performance Gap Key Factors and Strategies for Closing the Gap \_ External Communication to the Customer: the Promise versus Delivery Gap-Developing Appropriate and Effective Communication about Service Quality

**Unit V:** Marketing of Services with Special Reference to:

- (a) Financial Services.
- (b) Health Services.
- (c) Hospitality Servicesincluding Travel, Hotels and Tourism.
- (d) Professional Services.
- (e)Public Utility Services.
- (f)Communication Services.
- (g)Educational Services.

- 1. Valerie Zeithaml & Mary Jo Bitner: Service Marketing, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Christopher H.Lovelock: Service Marketing: People, Technology, Strategy, Pearson Education Asia
- 3. Zcithaml, Parasuraman & Berry: Delivering Quality Service: The Free Press, Macmillan
- 4. AudreyGilmore: Services marketing and Management. Response Books, Sage Publications.
- 5. Christopher H. Lovelock: Service Marketing, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- 6. Payne, Adrian: The Essence of Services Marketing, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 7. Shankar Ravi: Service Marketing–TheIndianExperice, South Asia Publication, NewDelhi.
- 8. Zeithami, V.A. and M.J. Bitner: Services Marketing, McGraw Hil, Inc., New York.

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)** 

RMGSE47003T: Rural Marketing

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

CourseCredits	No.ofHoursPerWeek	TotalNo.ofTeachingHours
4 Credits	4 Hours	60Hours

## Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the concept of rural marketing and understand the differences between rural and urban markets.
- Identify and analyze the problems faced by rural consumers and assess the challenges and future of rural marketing.
- Understand the role of government schemes.
- Gain insights into the role of banks in rural marketing and evaluate the importance of cooperatives and self-help groups in agricultural marketing.
- Understand recent trends in rural marketing and the role of information technology in agricultural marketing.

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Rural Marketing: Concept, Scope, Nature and Evolution of Rural Marketing, Rural Marketing Strategies-4P's, Rural Infrastructural Facilities – Warehousing, Cold Storage, Logistics.Indian Rural Market: Profile, Rural Vs Urban Market, Importance of Branding, Scope and Importance of Transportation Networking in rural markets.

**Unit II:** Problems of Rural Consumer: Adulteration, Short Weight and Measures, Unfair Warranties and Guarantees, Unreasonable Pricing, Challenges and Future of Rural Marketing. Consumer Behaviour: Characteristics of Buying Behaviour Awareness, Understanding, Consumer Purchase Decision, Importance of Rural Marketing Communication, Salesmen Influence.

**Unit III:** Government Schemes: Rural Development Programmes and Schemes of Government, Entrepreneurship Development Programme, Role of Food Corporation of India (FCI), Role of Khadi and Village Industries Commission (KVIC). Role of Banks in Rural Marketing: Role of Agricultural Cooperative Banks, Commercial Banking for Rural Marketing.

**Unit IV:** Agricultural Marketing- Importance, Prospects and Issues, Role of Cooperatives and Self Help Groups (SHG) in Rural Marketing Commodity Boards: Role and Contribution of Commodity Boards in generating revenue to government and employment in rural India. Agricultural Exports: Composition and Contribution of Agricultural Exports in generating revenue for India-Food Grains, Organic products, Marine Products, Role of Agricultural & Processed Food Products Export Development Authority(APEDA)

**Unit V:** Recent Trends in Rural Marketing: E- Commerce: Importance of E-Commerce and Impact of E-Marketing on rural consumers, Concept of Digital Village, Role of Social Media in rural marketing. Information Technology: Impact of IT in Agricultural Marketing, E-Chaupal, Project Shakti, Web-casting-online training and guidance to farmers. Online Marketers: Role of Online Marketers, Growth and Challenges.

- 1. Badi R.V.Badi N.V.Rural Marketing Himalaya Publishing House
- 2. Acharya S.S. Agarwal N.L.Agriculture Marketing in India Oxford & IBH Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Understanding Rural Buyer Behaviour, Jham, IIM–BManagement Review Vol.15No.3 2003
- 4. Dantwala M.LIndian Agriculture since Independence Oxford & IBH Publishing Co.Pvt.Ltd.
- 5. Habeeb U.R., Rahman K.S.Rural Marketing in India Himalaya Publishing House
- 6. Gopalaswamy Rural Marketing, Vikas Publishing House
- 7. Kashyap Pradeep, Raut Siddhartha The Rural Marketing, Biztantra

# **GROUP II (HUMANAREA)**

M.Com. Semester: III 2026-27

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)** 

**HRSSE47003T: Human Resource Information System** 

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	<b>Total No. of Teaching Hours</b>
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the importance of data and information for HR managers, including the sources of data and the role of IT in HRM.
- Familiarize with the concept, structure, and mechanisms of HRIS (Human Resource Information System).
- Gain knowledge about data management for HRIS and there levance of decision-making concepts for information system design.
- Underst and the modules and processes involved in HR management and how information systems support planning and control.
- Gain insights into the role of HR and other managers in decision-making and information processing.

### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Data & Information needs for HR Manager - Sources of Data - Role of IT in HRM - ITforHR Managers - Concept, Structure, & Mechanisms of HRIS - Programming Dimensions & HR Manager - Survey of Software Packages for Human Resource Information System including ERP Software such as SAP, Oracles Financials and Ramco's Marshal [only data input, output & screens]-EHRM-Objectives-Advantages & Disadvantages.

**Unit II:** Data Management for HRIS - Data Formats - Entry Procedure & Process - Data Storage & Retrieval - Transaction Processing - Office Automation - Information Processing & Control Functions - Design of HRIS - Relevance of Decision Making Concepts for Information System Design- HRM Needs Analysis—Concept & Mechanisms—Standard Software and Customized Software- HRIS:An Investment.

**Unit III:** HR Management Process & HRIS - Modules on HR Planning, Recruitment, Selection, Placement - Module on Performance Appraisal System - Training & Development Module - Module on Pay & other Related Dimensions-Information System's support for Planning & Control.

**Unit IV:** HR Management Process II & HRIS - Organization Structure & Related Management Processes-Authority & Responsibility Flows- Communication Process-Organization Cultureand Power- Data Capturing for Monitoring & Review-Behavioral Patterns of HR-Other Managers and their Place in Information Processing for Decision Making.

**Unit V:** Security, Size & Style of Organizations & HRIS - Security of Data and Operations of HRIS Modules - Common Problems during IT Adoption Efforts and Processes to

Overcome - Orientation & Training Modules for HR & other Functionaries - Detailed Analytical Framework - Opportunities for combination of HRM & ITES Personnel-HRIS & Employee Legislation-An Integrated View of HRIS.

- 1. Michael Armstrong, A Handbook of Human Resource Management Practice, Kogan Page
- 2. Gueutal & Stone, The Brave New World of eHR, Jossey-Bass
- 3. Monk & Wagner, CONCEPTS IN ENTERPRISERE SOURCE PLANNING, Thomson.

## **Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)**

### **HRASE47003T: Human Resource Analytics**

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

4 Credits 4 Hours 60 Hours	Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	<b>Total No. of Teaching Hours</b>
+ Clouds 4 Hours 00 Hours	4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

## Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the importance of measurement in HRM.
- Familiarize with HR metrics and analytics and common problems associated with metrics.
- Gain knowledge of statistical tools for HR analytics.
- Gain ability to apply various HR measures.
- Develop skills in measuring development aspects of HRM and gain awareness of current issues and the future of HR analytics.

### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Fundamentals of measurement-Advantages of measurement in HRM-Consequences of not measuring HRM- Introduction to HR metrics and Analytics-Framework for HR measurement-Common problems with metrics-Traditional vs Contemporary HR Measures.

**Unit II:** Statistical tools for HR analytics-Predictive analytics-Multivariate analysis - Introduction to SPSS-Exploring data-Data analysis using SPSS (hands on training)-Introduction to Factor Analysis and SEM analysis.

**Unit III:** Various HR measures-Staffing Measures -Measures related to Quality of Hire/recruitment, Cost of hiring, Absenteeism- Separation measures- HR planning metrices- HR forecasting tools- Compensation measures-Connecting revenues and expenses, calculating various wage/salary related measures. Variable pay systems, cost benefit analysis and comparators-Calculation of incentives.

**Unit IV:** Development Measures -Training ROI, measures for employee satisfaction and attitudes, Training evaluation models-Productivity measures- Performance metrics- 6 sigma, customer focused metrics, BSC, HR Scorecard

**Unit V:** Trends in Quantitative HRM- Development of HR dashboard, HR index, internal improvement Monitors and smoke detectors in HR research- problems, HR Audit research, and Organization Healthsurvey-Assessing Employee attitudes and satisfaction-Social Media analysis- Current issues and future of HR Analytics.

- 1. Lee, Gregory John.HR Metrics: Practical MeasurementTools for PeopleManagement.
- 2. Knowres Publishing.
- 3. Sullivan, John. R Metrics, the World-classWay: How to Enhance Your Statusand Build the Business Case for HR. Kennedy Information.
- 4. Cascio, W. & Boudreau, J.Investingin People: Financial Impact of Human Resource Initiatives. 2nd Edition. Upper Saddle River, NJ: FT Press.
- 5. Field, A., Discovering Statistics Using SPSS, 4th Edition, Los Angeles, CA: Sage.
- **6.** JacFitz-Enz.The New HR Analytics: Predicting the Economic Value of Your Company's Human Capital Investments (American Management Association).

## **Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)**

# **PMGSE47003T: Performance Management**

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

CourseCredits	No.ofHoursPerWeek	TotalNo.ofTeachingHours
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

### Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the philosophy and conceptual framework of Performance Management and its significance in a fast-changing environment.
- Identify and analyze different approaches to Performance Management.
- Develop the skills to design and implement effective Performance Management systems, overcoming challenges and obstacles, and fostering a performance-oriented culture.
- Apply various tools and approaches for measuring performance.
- Evaluate and bench mark best practices in Performance Management systems.

### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Performance Management: Philosophy, Conceptual framework, Different approaches to Performance Management, Significance of Performance Management the fast changing environment.

**Unit II:** Performance Management System and its linkages with other systems: Reward driven integration, development driven integration, goal setting and monitoring.

**Unit III:** Designing Performance Management Systems: Challenges and obstacles to Performance Management, building performance oriented culture, designing, implementing aper for mance management strategy; factors influencing the use of performance management (external and internal)

**Unit IV:** Tools and approaches to Performance Measures: Measures of performance by behaviour, by resultand by process, 360 feed backs, balanced scorecard—conceptand application, and challenges in implementation.

**Unit V:** Performance Management Initiatives: Causeson Performance Management System; bench marking best practices.

- 1. Andrew E.Schwartz(1999):Performance Management, Barron's Educational Series.
- 2. Bacal, R.(1999):Performance Management, McGrawHillInc.
- 3. Chadha, P (2003): Performance Management, Macmillan India Ltd.
- 4. Daniel A.C. (2003): Performance Management: Changing Behaviour that drives organization effectiveness, Atlanta Performance Management Publications.
- 5. Holpp, Lawrence (1999): Managing Teams, McGraw HillCompaniesInc.
- 6. Joseph H. Boycott and Henry P.C. (1997): Maximum Performance Management, Vanity Book International, New Delhi.
- 7. Kaplan, R.S. and Norton D.P.(1996):Balanced Score Card:Translating strategy intoaction, Harvard Business School Press, Boston.
- 8. Kermally S.(1997): Managing Performance, Butterworth–Heinemann, Oxford.

### **Discipline Centric Core Course (DCC)**

# CGECC47004T: Corporate Governance, Ethics and Social Responsibility

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	<b>Total No. of Teaching Hours</b>
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

# Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the concept of business ethics and its importance in the corporate world.
- Gain knowledge about the various approaches and theories of business ethics.
- Comprehend the regulatory framework and legislative aspects of corporate governance in India and internationally.
- Analyze major corporate failures and identify common governance problems leading to such failures.
- Develop an understanding of whistle-blowing as a concept and its significance in corporate governance, as well as the concept of corporateocial responsibility (CSR) and its relationship with business ethics and corporate governance.

## **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Business Ethics: The concept of ethics; 'ethics' and related connotations; business values and ethics; concept of business ethics; various approaches to business ethics; ethical theories; ethical governance; social responsibility—an extension of business ethics; the concept of corporate ethics; benefits of adopting ethicsin business; ethics programme; code of ethics; ethics committee.

**Unit II:** Conceptual Framework of Corporate Governance: Evolution of corporate governance; developments in India; regulatory framework of corporate governance in India; SEBI guidelines and clause 49; reforms in the Companies Act; secretarial audit; class action; NCLT; insider trading; rating agencies; green governance/ e-governance; shareholders' activism; corporate governance in PSUs and banks; legislative framework of corporate governance—an international perspective (United Kingdom, USA, Australia, China, Russia, SouthAfrica).

**Unit III:** Major Corporate Failures–Bank of credit and commerce international (UK), Maxwell communication corporation and Mirror group newspapers (UK), Enron (USA), World.com (USA), Andersen worldwide (USA), Vivendi (France), News of the world (UK); Satyam computer services ltd (India); Sahara (India); Kingfisher ltd (India); common governance problems noticed invarious corporate failures; policy actions including major codes and standards.

**Unit IV:** Whistle blowing and Corporate Governance—The Concept of Whistle-Blowing; Types of Whistle-blowers; Whistle-blower Policy; the Whistle-Blower Legislation across Countries; developments in India.

**Unit V:** Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) – Meaning; corporate philanthropy; CSR-an over lapping concept; corporate sustainability reporting; CSR through triple bottom line; CSR and businesse thics; CSR and corporate governance; environmental aspect of CSR;CSR models; drivers of CSR; global reporting initiatives; major codeson CSR; initiatives in India.

- 1. Mallin, Christine A., Corporate Governance (IndianEdition), Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 2. Blowfield, Michael, and Alan Murray, Corporate Responsibility, Oxford University Press.
- 3. Francesco Perrini, Stefano and Antonio Tencati, Developing Corporate Social Responsibility AEuropean Perspective, Edward Elgar.
- 4. Sharma, J.P., Corporate Governance, Business Ethics & CSR, Ane Books Pvt Ltd, NewDelhi.
- 5. Sharma, J.P., Corporate Governance and Social Responsibility of Business, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.

### **Discipline Centric Core Course (DCC)**

# TKMCC47004T: Talent and Knowledge Management

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

<b>Course Credits</b>	No. of Hours Per Week	<b>Total No. of Teaching Hours</b>
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

# Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the concept of Talent Management and its key processes, and the role of leaders in managing talent effectively.
- Develop effective job analysis methods and job descriptions to facilitate talent acquisition.
- Design and implement talent management strategies and programs to attract, develop, and retain talented employees.
- Develop comprehensive approaches to retain employees and manage voluntary turnover, including strategies for managing job withdrawal and designing effective compensation plans.
- Understand the importance of Knowledge Management in HRM, its various types, and the strategies for managing knowledge to enhance organizational effectiveness. They will also gain knowledge on intellectual property rights and the irrole in talent management.

# **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Talent Management: Introduction, Meaning & Objectives, Role of Talent Management, Key Processes of Talent Management, Talent vs. knowledge people, Source of Talent, Role of leaders TM, Consequences of Failure in Managing Talent, Some suggestive tools for Managing Talent.

**Unit II:** Talent Acquisition:Job analysis-Method of collecting information, developing questionnaires, interviews, developing job description & job specification. Strategic Trends in Talent Acquisition, Talent acquisition management solutions.

**Unit III:** Elements of Talent Management: The resourcing strategy- Attraction and retention policies and programs, Talent Audit, Talent Relationship Management, Talent Management Strategy Building the talent pipeline; Employee engagement strategies; Talent management to drive culture of excellence.

**Unit IV:** Employee Retention: Comprehensive approach to Retaining employees, Managing Voluntary Turnover, dealing with Job Withdrawal, Strategic Compensation plan for Talent Engagement, Sustainable Talent Management and Reward Model Contemporary Talent Management Issues and challenges.

**Unit V:** Knowledge Management:- Concept and Characteristics, Advantages of KM to HRM, Types of Knowledge, Knowledge Audit, KM Strategies, Managing Knowledge for organizational effectiveness - Process and Methods- Concept of Intellectual Capital and Learning Orientation in the Organizations-Knowledge and Role related issues-Performance Appraisal in a KBO-Intellectual Property Rights(IPR).

- 1. Hasan, M., Singh, A. K., Dhamija, Talent Management in India: Challenges and Opportunities, Atlantic Publication
- 2. Lance A Berger, Dorothy R Berger, Talent Management Handbook, Mc. Graw Hill
- 3. Frances Horibe, Managing Knowledge Workers, John Wiley & Sons
- 4. Ganesh Natarajan and Sandhya Shekhar, Knowledge Management-Enabling Business Growth, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi

### **GROUP I (MARKETINGAREA)**

M.Com. Semester: IV 2026-27

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)** 

**CBMSE47004T: Cross-Cultural Business Management** 

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	<b>Total No. of Teaching Hours</b>
4 Credits	4 Hours	60Hours

Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the concept of culture in a business context and its dimensions.
- Understand the role of culture in global management.
- Gain insights into the implications of culture on team building and the creation of high- performance winning teams in different cultural contexts.
- Acquire knowledge and skills related ocross-cultural negotiation and decisionmaking.
- Gain insights into global human resources management and fostering the values and behaviours necessary for building high-performance organizations.

**Unit I:** Introduction: Concept of Culture for a Business Context; Brief wrap up of organizational culture & its dimensions; Cultural Background of business stake-holders [managers, employees, shareholders, suppliers, customers and others]-An Analytical frame work.

**Unit II:** Culture and Global Management: Global Business Scenario and Role of Culture-A Frame work for Analysis; Elements & Processes of Communication across Cultures; Communication Strategy for an Indian MNC and Foreign MNC [with 3 illustrations on each drawing from different geoeconomic and social contexts] & High Performance Winning Teamsand Cultures; Culture Implications for Team Building.

Unit III: Cross Culture - Negotiation & Decision Making: Process of Negotiation and Needed Skills & Knowledge Base-Overview with two illustrations from multi-cultural contexts [India - Europe/ India - US settings, for instance]; International and Global Business Operations-Strategy Formulation & Implementation; Aligning Strategy, Structure & Culture in an organizational Context.

**Unit IV:** Global Human Resources Management- Staffing and Training for Global Operations. Developing a Global Management Cadre. Motivating and Leading; Developing the values and behaviors necessary to build high-performance organization personnel [individuals and teams included].

Unit V: Corporate Culture: The Nature of Organizational Cultures Diagnosing the As-Is Condition; Designing the Strategy for a Culture Change Building; Successful Implementation of Culture Change Phase; Measurement of ongoing Improvement.

- 1. International Management: Managing Across Borders And Cultures, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed,"

  Deresky Helen," Prentice Hall India
- **2.** The Secret Of A Winning Culture: Building High-PerformanceTeams,"Esenn Drlarry, Rchildress John," Prentice Hall India

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)** 

**IMGSE47004T: Industrial Marketing** 

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

CourseCredits	No.ofHoursPerWeek	TotalNo.ofTeachingHours
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

# Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the concept of industrial marketing and its importance in comparison toconsumer marketing.
- Identify and classify industrial goods and analyze the demand for industrial products.
- Evaluate the buying power and motives of industrial buyers, and apply market segmentation techniques in vendor analysis and selection.
- Develop an effective industrial marketing mix strategy while considering service and quality considerations.
- Understand the industrial marketing research process, and identify & address common problems encountered in industrial marketing research.

### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Introduction: Concept of industrial marketing and its importance; Comparison of industrial marketing with consumer marketing; Definition of industrial product/service; Characteristics of industrial marketing.

**Unit II:** Industrial Goods: Characteristics and classification; Capital and other goods; Firm market, institutional market, and government market. Demand: Demand and product characteristics; User and their classification (standard industrial classification systems); regional concentration, Vertical and horizontal markets.

**Unit III:** Buying power of industrial users; Buying motives of industrial buyers; Industrial market segmentation; Vendor analysis and selection; Buying stages; Buying patterns and length of negotiations; Frequency of purchase and size of order; Direct purchases; Reciprocity arrangements; Leasingvs. Buying; Service and quality considerations.

**Unit IV:**Industrial Marketing Mix Strategy: Product planning and development; Pricing decisions; Promoting of industrial products; Role of personal selling; Channels of distribution for industrial products; Channel strategy and logistics.

**Unit V:**Industrial Marketing Research: Need for industrial marketing research; Process; Problems in industrial marketing.

- 1. Reader,RobertR.,Edward G.Brierty and Betty H. Reeder:Industrial Marketing:Analysis, Planning and Control, Prentice Hall, New Delhi
- 2. Richard, M.Hill: Industrial Marketing, Taraporewala, Bombay
- 3. Hill, R.M., R.SAlexenderand J.SCross: Industrial Marketing, AITBS, New Delhi.
- 4. Dodge Robert H:Industrial Marketing, McGraw Hill, NewYork
- 5. Corey, Raymend: Industrial Marketing, McGrawHill, NewYork

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)** 

**DMGSE47004T: Direct Marketing** 

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	<b>Total No. of Teaching Hours</b>
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

# Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the scopeand importance of direct marketing.
- Develop effective direct marketing programmes by planning, developing new business as well as understanding the marketing mix for direct marketing.
- Evaluate the different types of institutional direct marketing and develop appropriate strategies for each.
- Planand execute direct marketing campaigns.
- Utilize tools and techniques and apply them to direct marketing also be able to understand specific applications of direct marketing.

### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:**Direct Marketing: Definition, scope and importance of direct marketing; Changing face of direct marketing; Public response to direct marketing ;Consumer attitude and Response to direct advertising

**Unit II:** Elements of Direct Marketing: Planning a direct marketing programme; Direct Marketing and developing new business; Guidelines for effective direct marketing - likely pitfalls, rules for success, etc. Marketing Mix for Direct Marketing: Product, price, place and promotion strategies.

**Unit III:** Institutional Direct Marketing: Industrial Direct Marketing; Retail direct marketing; Dealer- identified direct marketing.

**Unit IV:**Direct Marketing Operations:Planning direct marketing campaign;Communication for direct marketing; Media planning; Fulfillment and customer service-receiving and processing orders, inventory and warehousing decisions, and customer service.

**Unit V:** Tools and Techniques & Applications of Direct Marketing: Role of information technology in direct marketing; Developing customer databases; Cost analysis and cost control of direct marketing; Evaluating effectiveness of direct marketing. Financial services marketing; Fund raising; Catalog marketing; Customer loyalty programmes.

- 1. Edward, Nash: The Direct Marketing Hand book, Tata McGrawHill, NewDelhi.
- Gupta, Das: Marketing Mantra: The Real Story of DirectMarketing, Prentice Hall, NewDelhi.
- 3. Roberts, M.Land P.D Berger: Direct Marketing Management, Prentice Hall, NewJersey.
- 4. Stone, Merlin, Derek Daviesand Alison Bond: Direct Hit, Macmillan, New Delhi.
- 5. Reader RR, Brierty EG, Reeder BH: Industrial Marketing: Analysis, PlanningandControl; Prentice Hall, New Jersey.

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)** 

**DIMSE47004T: Digital Marketing** 

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

CourseCredits	No.ofHoursPerWeek	TotalNo.ofTeachingHours
4Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

## Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the concept of digital marketing and differentiate it from traditional marketing.
- Analyze the challenges and opportunities faced by digital marketers and gain knowledge of the digital marketing landscape in the Indian market.
- Apply digital marketing techniques to effectively reach and engage with digital consumers.
- Comprehend the role of the internet in marketing, explore various online marketing domains, and apply the P.O.E.S.M. framework for strategic marketing.
- Develop an understanding of ethical and legal issues in digital marketing.

## **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Concept, Scope and Importance of Digital Marketing, Traditional Marketing vs Digital Marketing, Digital Marketing Techniques. Challenges and opportunities for Digital Marketers, Digital Marketing landscape :an overview of Indian Markets

**Unit II:**Digital marketing-mix, Segmentation, Targeting, Differentiation and Positioning: Concept, Levels, and strategies in digital environment, Digital Technology and Customer Relationship Management, Digital Consumers and their Buying Decision process.

**Unit III:**Concept and role of Internetin Marketing, Online marketing Domains, The P.O.E.S.M. Framework, Website design and domain name branding, Search Engine Optimization stages, Types of traffic, Online Advertising: Types, formats, requisites of a good online advertisement, Email marketing: types and strategies.

Unit IV: Interactive Marketing: Concept and options, Social media marketing: concept and tools, Online Communities and Social networks, Blogging: types and role, Video marketing: tools and techniques, Mobile marketing tools, PPC marketing, Pay ment options and Gateways

**Unit V:** Ethical Issues and Legal Challenges in digital marketing, Regulatory framework for digital marketing in India. The Digital Divide

- 1. Chaffey, D., Chadwick, F.E. Johnson, K.,& Mayer,R.Internet Marketing:Strategy, Implementation and Practice. New Jersey: Pearson Hall.
- 2. Charlesworth, A. Digital Marketing: A Practical Approach. Abingdon: Routledge.
- 3. Frost, R.D., Fox, A., & Strauss, J.E-Marketing. Abingdon: Routledge.
- 4. Gay, R., Charlesworth, A., & Esen, R.Online Marketing: A Customer Led Approach.
- 5. Gupta, S. Digital Marketing. Delhi: Tata McGrawHill Education
- 6. Kapoor, N. Concept Building Approach to Digital Marketing.Delhi: Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.

# **GROUP II (HUMANAREA)**

M.Com. Semester: IV 2026-27

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)** 

**GHRSE47004T: Global Human Resource Management** 

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	<b>Total No. of Teaching Hours</b>
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

# **Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:**

- Understand the core concepts and theories of globally managing human resources, including the implications of global economic integration for HR managers.
- Gain knowledge of global staffing practices.
- Analyze the factors influencing organization design in multinational corporations (MNCs) and evaluate different types of organization structures that can be adopted globally.
- Develop an understanding of training and development practices for international staff
- Examine performance management criteria for expatriates and MNC employees.

## **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Core Concepts in Globally Managing Human Resources; The growth of international business and global corporate evolution; Consequences of global economic integration and it simplications for Global Managers generally and HR Managers specifically; Theories, Models and Strategic issues in Globally Managing HR.

**Unit II:** Global Staffing and Staff Flow Practices: Recruitment for overseas assignments; Global staffing practices in the selected countries like Japan, US UK and china; International Transfer; Expatriation and Repatriation issues.

**Unit III:** Global Organization Design: Factors affecting organization design of MNCs; Types of Organization structure that can be adopted by MNCs; Strategies for global organization structure.

**Unit IV:** Training and Development of International Staff: Preparatory training for foreign assignments; Design of training for overseas assignment, Training in cultural diversity; Benchmarking Training and Development Practices.

**Unit V:** Performance Management in MNCs: Criteria for Performance Management of expatriates; Performance Management of MNC employees, Global Compensation and Benefits: Key Components and Approaches; compensation for expatriates. International Practices in Industrial Relations: MNCS and Industrial Relations Trends.

- 1. Bartlett, CA, & Ghoshal, S.: Managing Across Borders; The Transnational Solution. Boston: Havard Business School Press.Black.
- 2. J.S., Gregersen, H., & Mendenhall, M.: GlobalAssignment; Successfully Expatriating and Repatriating Global Manager. San Francisco: Jossey-Bass Publishers.
- 3. Mendenhall, M.E., & McNett,J.:The Handbook of Global Management:A guide to Managing Complexity. Oxford: Blackwell Publishing.
- **4.** Ronen, S.: Comparative and Multinational Management, New York, Wiley.

## **Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)**

# SHRSE47004T: Strategic Human Resource Management

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

## Course Outcome:On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the strategic role of HRM.
- AlignHR systems with business strategy.
- Audit HR practices and department.
- Develop HR strategies for work for ceutilization.
- Evaluate HR function.

### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Understanding Strategic HRM: Traditional v/s Strategic HR, Typology of HR activities, "best fit" approach v/s "best practice" approach, HR strategy and the role of national context, sectoral context and organizational contexton HR strategy and practices, investment perspective of human resources.

**Unit II:** Aligning HR systems with business strategy: Sustained competitive advantage how HR adds value to the firm, HR as scarce resource, non-substitutable resource, linking HRM practices to organizational outcomes, assessing and reducing costs, behavioral impact of HR practices, marginal utility models.

**Unit III:** Auditing HR practices and department, linking strategy to HRM practices, corporate HR philosophy and companywide HR standards, HRM leading strategy formulation, alternative HR systems, universalistic contingency, configurational, congruence and integrated HR systems.

**Unit IV:** HR strategy in workforce utilization: Efficient utilization of human resource, cross training and flexible work assignment, work teams, non-unionization, strategies foremployee shortages, strategies for employee surpluses. Strategies for performance and development: typology of performance types, marginal performers, under achievers, stars, solidcitizens, managing employee, ability recruitment and selection strategy, typology, incentive alignment, psychological contracting.

**Unit V:** Evaluating HR Function:Overview of evaluation, scope, strategic impact, level of analysis, criteria level of constituents, ethical dimensions, approaches to evaluation, audit approach, analytical approach, quantitative and qualitative measures, outcome and process criteria, balanced scorecard perspective, benchmarking, accounting for HRM–purpose of measuring cost and benefits of HRM, approaches to HRM performances, employee wastage and turnover rates, cost of absenteeism, measuring human resource cost.

- 1. Boxall.P.and Purcell.J. (2003): Strategy and Human Resource Management, Great Britain: Palgrave Macmillan.
- 2. Sparrow, P. and Marchington, M. (1998): Human Resource Management, The new Agenda Great Britain: Ptman Publishing.
- 3. Mello. A. (2002): Strategic Human Resource Management, USA: SouthWestern.
- 4. Walker, J.W.(1997): Human Resource Strategy, IntelEdn., USA, McGrawHill.
- 5. Porter, M. (1985): Competitive Advantage, FreePress.

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)** 

**LESSE47004T: Labour Economics** 

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

Course Credits	No. of Hours Per Week	<b>Total No. of Teaching Hours</b>
4 Credits	4 Hours	60Hours

## Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the unique features and processes of the labour market.
- Comprehend the theory of labour and leisure choice.
- Analyze the patterns of employment and the demand for labour and the impact of technology on the labour market.
- Examine wage determination incompetitive markets and understand the concepts of the segmented labour market and internal labour market.
- Evaluate the role of labour market institutions.

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** The Labour Market: Labour as a factor of production; Unique features of the labour market; Labour Market Process; Labour Market outcomes. The Theory of Labour and Leisure Choice; Concept and Application of Backward Bending Supply Curve.

**Unit II:** Labour Force Participation Demand for Labour: The pattern of Employment; The Marginal Productivity Theory; The Elasticity of Demand for Labour; Capital Labour Substitution; Technology and its impact on Labour Market.

**Unit III:** Productivity and Demand for Labour, Wage Determination: Wages in Competitive Markets; The Segmented Labour Market; Internal Labour Market. The Theory of Human Capital: Concept of Human Capital and its measurement; Human Capital Earning Functions; Role of Human Capital in Huge Differences.

**Unit IV:** Market Institutions: Role of Unions; Rigidity and Flexibility in Labour Market; Role of Labour Legislation. Globalisation and Labour: International Division of Labour

**Unit V:** Outsourcing Model and its impact on Labour Market; International Labour Standards. Organised and Unorganised Labour Markets: Introduction to various features of different segments of Labour Markets in India including Agriculture Labour Market.

- 1. Abraham, K.G. and R.B. Mckersie (eds.): New Developments in Labour Market: Toward a New Institutional Paradigm. MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts.
- Bagchi, A.K. (ed.): New Technology and the Workers' Response. Sage Publications, New Delhi.
- 3. Card, David and Alan Krueger: Myth and Measurement: The New Economics of the Minimum Wage. Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Press.
- 4. Debdas Banerjee: Globalisation, Industrial Restructuring and Labour Standards: Where India Meets the Global. Sage Publications, New Delhi.
- 5. Roy J. Adams (ed.): Comparative Industrial Relations. HarperCollins Academic, London.

## **Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)**

# **CCDSE47004T: Cross Cultural and Diversity Management**

(20 CIA + 80 EoSE. = Max. Marks: 100)

CourseCredits	No.ofHoursPerWeek	TotalNo.ofTeachingHours
4 Credits	4 Hours	60 Hours

# Course Outcome: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the significance of human and cultural variables in global organizations, and apply cross-cultural research methodologies to analyze and address managerial implications.
- Comprehend the core concepts of workforce diversity to effectively manage diversity with in organizations.
- Analyze the global context for diversity management.
- Recognize the benefits of a diverse workforce and develop strategies to promote diversity, including transitioning from a non-diverse to a diverse workforce.
- Apply principles and approaches to manage diversity at different levels and overcome barriers to effectively manage diversity within organizations.

### **SYLLABUS**

**Unit I:** Human and Cultural Variables in Global Organisations; Cross-Cultural Differences and Managerial Implications; Cross-Cultural Research Methodologies and Hofstede's Hermes Study; Structural Evolution of Global Organisations; Cross-Cultural Leadership and Decision Making; Cross-Cultural Communication and Negotiation.

**Unit II:** Core Concepts in Workforce Diversity: External environmental factors contributing to adiverse workforce; Definition, Dimensions and Models of Diversity Management; Strategic approaches to understand diversity management; Characteristics and limitations of Diversity Management.

**Unit III:** The Global Context for Diversity Management: Diversity legislation in a global perspective; Equality and Fairness in Employment; The International Bill of Human Rightsand Employment Rights; Diversity Related Employment Legislations.

**Unit IV:** Strategies for Boosting Workforce Diversity: Benefits of diversity; achieving diversity through moving from a non-diverse to a diverse workforce.

**Unit V:** Strategies for Managing Diversity: Principles implied in "managing diversity" Approaches to manage diversity; Different phases in the overall process of managing diversity; Barriers to managing diversity; Managing diversity at different levels such as at the individual, interpersonal and Institutional levels.

- 1. Adler, N.J.: International Dimensions of Organizational Behaviour, Boston, KentPublishing.
- 2. Barlett, C.and Ghoshal, S.: Translational Management: Text, Casesand Readingsin Cross Border Management. Chicago, Irwin.
- 3. Dowling, P.J.etc.: International Dimensions of Human Resource Management, 2nded. California, Wadsworth.
- 4. Mead, R.: International Management: Cross Cultural Dimensions.Blackwell, Camb, Mass.
- **5.** Carold Harvey: Understanding and Managing Diversity, Prentice Hall. ElsieY.